	REPATRIATION TRANSITION TAX AMENDMENTS
	2019 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
]	LONG TITLE
(General Description:
	This bill modifies corporate income tax provisions relating to deferred foreign income.
]	Highlighted Provisions:
	This bill:
	 modifies the definition of unadjusted income as the definition relates to deferred
	foreign income; and
	► modifies the payment schedule for a corporate taxpayer to pay the income tax on
	deferred foreign income.
I	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
(Other Special Clauses:
	This bill provides a special effective date.
	This bill provides retrospective operation.
Į	Utah Code Sections Affected:
1	AMENDS:
	59-7-101 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Second Special Session, Chapters 2
	and 3
	59-7-118, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Second Special Session, Chapter 2
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1	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 59-7-101 is amended to read:
	59-7-101. Definitions.
	As used in this chapter:
	(1) "Adjusted income" means unadjusted income as modified by Sections 59-7-105
8	and 59-7-106.
	(2) (a) "Affiliated group" means one or more chains of corporations that are connected
t	through stock ownership with a common parent corporation that meet the following

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33	requirements
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34 (i) at least 80% of the stock of each of the corporations in the group, excluding the common parent corporation, is owned by one or more of the other corporations in the group; and

- (ii) the common parent directly owns at least 80% of the stock of at least one of the corporations in the group.
- (b) "Affiliated group" does not include corporations that are qualified to do business but are not otherwise doing business in this state.
- (c) For purposes of this Subsection (2), "stock" does not include nonvoting stock which is limited and preferred as to dividends.
- (3) "Apportionable income" means adjusted income less nonbusiness income net of related expenses, to the extent included in adjusted income.
- (4) "Apportioned income" means apportionable income multiplied by the apportionment fraction as determined in Section 59-7-311.
- 47 (5) "Business income" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-7-302.
- 48 (6) (a) "Captive real estate investment trust" means a real estate investment trust if:
- 49 (i) the shares or beneficial interests of the real estate investment trust are not regularly 50 traded on an established securities market; and
- 51 (ii) more than 50% of the voting power or value of the shares or beneficial interests of 52 the real estate investment trust are directly, indirectly, or constructively:
 - (A) owned by a controlling entity of the real estate investment trust; or
 - (B) controlled by a controlling entity of the real estate investment trust.
- 55 (b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the 56 commission may make rules defining "established securities market."
- 57 (7) (a) "Common ownership" means the direct or indirect control or ownership of more 58 than 50% of the outstanding voting stock of:
- (i) a parent-subsidiary controlled group as defined in Section 1563, Internal Revenue
 Code, except that 50% shall be substituted for 80%;
- 61 (ii) a brother-sister controlled group as defined in Section 1563, Internal Revenue 62 Code; or
- (iii) three or more corporations each of which is a member of a group of corporations

64	described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) or (ii), and one of which is:
65	(A) a common parent corporation included in a group of corporations described in
66	Subsection (2)(a)(i); and
67	(B) included in a group of corporations described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii).
68	(b) Ownership of outstanding voting stock shall be determined by Section 1563,
69	Internal Revenue Code.
70	(8) (a) "Controlling entity of a captive real estate investment trust" means an entity
71	that:
72	(i) is treated as an association taxable as a corporation under the Internal Revenue
73	Code;
74	(ii) is not exempt from federal income taxation under Section 501(a), Internal Revenue
75	Code; and
76	(iii) directly, indirectly, or constructively holds more than 50% of:
77	(A) the voting power of a captive real estate investment trust; or
78	(B) the value of the shares or beneficial interests of a captive real estate investment
79	trust.
80	(b) "Controlling entity of a captive real estate investment trust" does not include:
81	(i) a real estate investment trust, except for a captive real estate investment trust;
82	(ii) a qualified real estate investment subsidiary described in Section 856(i), Internal
83	Revenue Code, except for a qualified real estate investment trust subsidiary of a captive real
84	estate investment trust; or
85	(iii) a foreign real estate investment trust.
86	(c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
87	commission may make rules defining "established securities market."
88	(9) "Corporate return" or "return" includes a combined report.
89	(10) "Corporation" includes:
90	(a) entities defined as corporations under Sections 7701(a) and 7704, Internal Revenue
91	Code; and
92	(b) other organizations that are taxed as corporations for federal income tax purposes

(11) "Dividend" means any distribution, including money or other type of property,

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under the Internal Revenue Code.

95 made by a corporation to its shareholders out of its earnings or profits accumulated after 96 December 31, 1930. 97 (12) (a) "Doing business" includes any transaction in the course of its business by a 98 domestic corporation, or by a foreign corporation qualified to do or doing intrastate business in 99 this state. 100 (b) Except as provided in Subsection 59-7-102(3), "doing business" includes: 101 (i) the right to do business through incorporation or qualification; 102 (ii) the owning, renting, or leasing of real or personal property within this state; and 103 (iii) the participation in joint ventures, working and operating agreements, the 104 performance of which takes place in this state. 105 (13) "Domestic corporation" means a corporation that is incorporated or organized 106 under the laws of this state. 107 (14) (a) "Farmers' cooperative" means an association, corporation, or other 108 organization that is: 109 (i) (A) an association, corporation, or other organization of farmers or fruit growers; or 110 (B) an association, corporation, or other organization that is similar to an association, 111 corporation, or organization described in Subsection (14)(a)(i)(A); and 112 (ii) organized and operated on a cooperative basis to: 113 (A) (I) market the products of members of the cooperative or the products of other producers; and 114 115 (II) return to the members of the cooperative or other producers the proceeds of sales 116 less necessary marketing expenses on the basis of the quantity of the products of a member or 117 producer or the value of the products of a member or producer; or 118 (B) (I) purchase supplies and equipment for the use of members of the cooperative or 119 other persons; and 120 (II) turn over the supplies and equipment described in Subsection (14)(a)(ii)(B)(I) at 121 actual costs plus necessary expenses to the members of the cooperative or other persons. 122 (b) (i) Subject to Subsection (14)(b)(ii), for purposes of this Subsection (14), the 123 commission by rule, made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative 124 Rulemaking Act, shall define: 125 (A) the terms "member" and "producer"; and

126	(B) what constitutes an association, corporation, or other organization that is similar to
127	an association, corporation, or organization described in Subsection (14)(a)(i)(A).
128	(ii) The rules made under this Subsection (14)(b) shall be consistent with the filing
129	requirements under federal law for a farmers' cooperative.
130	(15) "Foreign corporation" means a corporation that is not incorporated or organized
131	under the laws of this state.
132	(16) (a) "Foreign operating company" means a corporation that:
133	(i) is incorporated in the United States;
134	(ii) conducts at least 80% of the corporation's business activity, as determined under
135	Section 59-7-401, outside the United States; and
136	(iii) as calculated in accordance with Part 3, Allocation and Apportionment of Income
137	Utah UDITPA Provisions, has:
138	(A) at least \$1,000,000 of payroll located outside the United States; and
139	(B) at least \$2,000,000 of property located outside the United States.
140	(b) "Foreign operating company" does not include a corporation that qualifies for the
141	Puerto Rico and possession tax credit as provided in Section 936, Internal Revenue Code.
142	(17) (a) "Foreign real estate investment trust" means:
143	(i) a business entity organized outside the laws of the United States if:
144	(A) at least 75% of the business entity's total asset value at the close of the business
145	entity's taxable year is represented by:
146	(I) real estate assets, as defined in Section 856(c)(5)(B), Internal Revenue Code;
147	(II) cash or cash equivalents; or
148	(III) one or more securities issued or guaranteed by the United States;
149	(B) the business entity is:
150	(I) not subject to income taxation:
151	(Aa) on amounts distributed to the business entity's beneficial owners; and
152	(Bb) in the jurisdiction in which the business entity is organized; or
153	(II) exempt from income taxation on an entity level in the jurisdiction in which the
154	business entity is organized;
155	(C) the business entity distributes at least 85% of the business entity's taxable income,
156	as computed in the jurisdiction in which the business entity is organized, to the holders of the

157	business entity's:
158	(I) shares or beneficial interests; and
159	(II) on an annual basis;
160	(D) (I) not more than 10% of the following is held directly, indirectly, or constructively
161	by a single person:
162	(Aa) the voting power of the business entity; or
163	(Bb) the value of the shares or beneficial interests of the business entity; or
164	(II) the shares of the business entity are regularly traded on an established securities
165	market; and
166	(E) the business entity is organized in a country that has a tax treaty with the United
167	States; or
168	(ii) a listed Australian property trust.
169	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
170	commission may make rules defining:
171	(i) "cash or cash equivalents";
172	(ii) "established securities market"; or
173	(iii) "listed Australian property trust."
174	(18) "Income" includes losses.
175	(19) "Internal Revenue Code" means Title 26 of the United States Code as effective
176	during the year in which Utah taxable income is determined.
177	(20) "Nonbusiness income" means the same as that term is defined in Section
178	59-7-302.
179	(21) "Real estate investment trust" means the same as that term is defined in Section
180	856, Internal Revenue Code.
181	(22) "Related expenses" means:
182	(a) expenses directly attributable to nonbusiness income; and
183	(b) the portion of interest or other expense indirectly attributable to both nonbusiness
184	and business income that bears the same ratio to the aggregate amount of such interest or other
185	expense, determined without regard to this Subsection (22), as the average amount of the asset
186	producing the nonbusiness income bears to the average amount of all assets of the taxpayer
187	within the taxable year.

188	(23) "S corporation" means an S corporation as defined in Section 1361, Internal
189	Revenue Code.
190	(24) "Safe harbor lease" means a lease that qualified as a safe harbor lease under
191	Section 168, Internal Revenue Code.
192	(25) "State of the United States" includes any of the 50 states or the District of
193	Columbia.
194	(26) (a) "Taxable year" means the calendar year or the fiscal year ending during such
195	calendar year upon the basis of which the adjusted income is computed.
196	(b) In the case of a return made for a fractional part of a year under this chapter or
197	under rules prescribed by the commission, "taxable year" includes the period for which such
198	return is made.
199	(27) "Taxpayer" means any corporation subject to the tax imposed by this chapter.
200	(28) "Threshold level of business activity" means business activity in the United States
201	equal to or greater than 20% of the corporation's total business activity as determined under
202	Section 59-7-401.
203	(29) (a) "Unadjusted income" means federal taxable income as determined on a
204	separate return basis before intercompany eliminations as determined by the Internal Revenue
205	Code, before the net operating loss deduction and special deductions for dividends received.
206	(b) [For the last taxable year of a taxpayer beginning on or before December 31, 2017,
207	"unadjusted] "Unadjusted income" includes deferred foreign income described in Section
208	965(a), Internal Revenue Code.
209	(30) (a) "Unitary group" means a group of corporations that:
210	(i) are related through common ownership; and
211	(ii) by a preponderance of the evidence as determined by a court of competent
212	jurisdiction or the commission, are economically interdependent with one another as
213	demonstrated by the following factors:
214	(A) centralized management;
215	(B) functional integration; and
216	(C) economies of scale.
217	(b) "Unitary group" includes a captive real estate investment trust.
218	(c) "Unitary group" does not include an S corporation.

219	(31) "United States" includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia.
220	(32) "Utah net loss" means the current year Utah taxable income before Utah net loss
221	deduction, if determined to be less than zero.
222	(33) "Utah net loss deduction" means the amount of Utah net losses from other taxable
223	years that a taxpayer may carry forward to the current taxable year in accordance with Section
224	59-7-110.
225	(34) (a) "Utah taxable income" means Utah taxable income before net loss deduction
226	less Utah net loss deduction.
227	(b) "Utah taxable income" includes income from tangible or intangible property located
228	or having situs in this state, regardless of whether carried on in intrastate, interstate, or foreign
229	commerce.
230	(35) "Utah taxable income before net loss deduction" means apportioned income plus
231	nonbusiness income allocable to Utah net of related expenses.
232	(36) (a) "Water's edge combined report" means a report combining the income and
233	activities of:
234	(i) all members of a unitary group that are:
235	(A) corporations organized or incorporated in the United States, including those
236	corporations qualifying for the Puerto Rico and Possession Tax Credit as provided in Section
237	936, Internal Revenue Code, in accordance with Subsection (36)(b); and
238	(B) corporations organized or incorporated outside of the United States meeting the
239	threshold level of business activity; and
240	(ii) an affiliated group electing to file a water's edge combined report under Subsection
241	59-7-402(2).
242	(b) There is a rebuttable presumption that a corporation which qualifies for the Puerto
243	Rico and possession tax credit provided in Section 936, Internal Revenue Code, is part of a
244	unitary group.
245	(37) "Worldwide combined report" means the combination of the income and activities
246	of all members of a unitary group irrespective of the country in which the corporations are
247	incorporated or conduct business activity.
248	Section 2. Section 59-7-118 is amended to read:

59-7-118. Section 965, Internal Revenue Code -- Installment payments.

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250	(1) Subject to the other provisions of this section, a corporation may pay in
251	installments the tax owed under this chapter on deferred foreign income described in Section
252	965, Internal Revenue Code.
253	(2) Subsection (1) applies:
254	(a) to a corporation that:
255	(i) is authorized to make an election under Section 965(h), Internal Revenue Code; and
256	(ii) apportions deferred foreign income described in Section 965, Internal Revenue
257	Code, to this state; and
258	(b) for a tax year in which a corporation makes an election under Section 965(h),
259	Internal Revenue Code, for purposes of the corporation's federal income tax.
260	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), the same provisions that apply to an
261	election made under Section 965(h), Internal Revenue Code, for federal purposes apply to an
262	installment payment made under this section.
263	(b) A corporation shall make:
264	(i) the first installment under this section on or before the due date, including any
265	extension, of the [2017] tax return filed under this chapter for the first taxable year in which the
266	corporation reports deferred foreign income described in Section 965, Internal Revenue Code;
267	and
268	(ii) a subsequent installment on or before the due date, including any extension, of the
269	tax return filed under this chapter in each of the following seven years.
270	Section 3. Effective date.
271	If approved by two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, this bill takes effect
272	upon approval by the governor, or the day following the constitutional time limit of Utah
273	Constitution, Article VII, Section 8, without the governor's signature, or in the case of a veto,
274	the date of veto override.
275	Section 4. Retrospective operation.
276	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), this bill has retrospective operation for:
277	(A) the last taxable year of a taxpayer beginning on or before December 31, 2017; and
278	(B) a taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2018.
279	(2) The amendments to Section 59-7-118 have retrospective operation for a taxable
280	year beginning on or after January 1, 2017.